

# DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD

# (Draft for comments only)

Sound system equipment - Part 7: Headphones and earphones

# TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS

© TBS 2025 First Edition 2025

#### 1 National Foreword

This draft Tanzania Standard is being prepared by the Telecommunications and Information Technology Technical Committee, under the supervision of the Electrotechnical divisional standards committee (EDC)

This draft Tanzania Standard is an adoption of the International Standard **IEC 60268-7:2016** Sound system equipment – Part 7: Headphones and earphones, Which has been prepared by the International Electrotechnical Commission

## 2 Terminology and conventions

Some terminologies and certain conventions are not identical with those used in Tanzania standards; attention is drawn especially to the following: -

- The comma has been used as a decimal marker for metric dimensions. In Tanzania Standards, it is current practice to use "full point" on the baseline as the decimal marker.
- 2) Where the words "International Standard(s)" appear, referring to this standard they should read "Tanzania Standard(s)".

# **CONTENTS**

FC	DREWORD		5	
1	Scope		7	
2	Normative references			
3	Terms and de	Terms and definitions		
4	Classification, d	Classification, designation and coding10		
5	Marking of term	inals, controls and polarity	14	
6	-	User instructions		
7	Conditions for s	specifications and measurements	15	
•	7.1	Rated conditions		
	7.2	Standard conditions for measurement		
	7.3	Couplers and ear simulators		
	7.3.1	General	16	
		HATS	17	
	7.4	HATS  Measurement conditions for simulated programme signal	17	
	7.5	Loudness comparison conditions	18	
	7.5.1	Loudness comparison conditions	18	
	7.5.1	Free-field comparison conditions	10	
	7.5.2	Diffuse-field comparison conditions	10	
		Ear canal sound pressure level measurement conditions		
	7.7	Graphical presentation of results	10	
8		to be specified and their methods of measurement	19	
O		Power supply	10	
	8.1	Electrical impedance	19	
	8.2	Rated impedance	19	
	8.2.1			
	8.2.2	Impedance/frequency characteristic		
	8.2.3	Rated source impedance		
	8.3	Input voltage		
	8.3.1	Rated input voltage		
	8.3.2	Limiting values of input voltage		
	8.3.3	Characteristic voltage		
	8.3.4	Simulated programme signal characteristic voltage	21	
	8.3.5	Simulated programme signal characteristic voltage corrected by A - weighting characteristics and free-field response compensation	21	
•	8.3.6	Protective devices		
	8.4			
	8.5	Input power		
		Sound pressure (level)		
	8.5.1 8.5.2	General		
	8.5.3	Characteristics to be specified  Method of measurement		
	8.6	Frequency response		
	8.6.1	Coupler or ear simulator (including HATS) frequency response		
	8.6.2	Free-field compensated frequency response		
	8.6.3	Diffuse-field compensated frequency response		
	8.6.4	Rated frequency range	21	

8.6.5	Effective frequency range of the free-field / diffuse-field compensate	
0.7	frequency response	
	Amplitude non-linearity	
8.7.1	General	
8.7.2	Harmonic distortion	
8.7.3	Modulation distortion	
8.7.4	Difference-frequency distortion	
	Rated environmental conditions	
	External electric and/or magnetic field	
8.9.1	Characteristics to be specified	
8.9.2	Method of measurement	
	Unwanted sound radiation	
8.10.1	Characteristic to be specified	30
8.10.2	Method of measurement  Characteristic to be specified  Method of measurement	ž 30
8.11	Sound attenuation	30
8.11.1	Characteristic to be specified	30
8.11.2	Method of measurement	31
8.12 C	rosstalk attenuation for multi-channel headbhones	
8.12.1	Characteristic to be specified	31
8.12.2	Method of measurement	31
	Application force	31
8.13.1	Characteristic to be specified	
8.13.2	Method of measurement	
	Physical characteristics, cables and connectors	
	characteristics	31
Annex A (normative)		00
		33
Annex B (normative)		
	Characteristic to be specified	
	Method of measurement (direct)	
	lethod of measurement (by substitution)	42
Annex C (normative)	Diffuse-field comparison frequency response	43
C.1	Characteristic to be specified	
C.2	Method of measurement (direct)	43
C.3 N	lethod of measurement (by substitution)	43
Annex D (normative)	Free-field and diffuse-field ear canal sound pressure level	
frequency responses		44
D.1 (	Characteristic to be specified	44
D.2 N	Method of measurement (direct)	44
	Nethod of measurement (indirect)	
Annex E (normative)	·	
inside the ear canal		46
Annex F (informative	e) Practical details of free-field comparison conditions	47
Annex G (informative	e) Practical details of diffuse-field comparison conditions	48
Annex H (informative	e) Practical details of the subjective comparison and ear cana	al
sound pressure level of	conditions	49
Annex I (informative)	) Two-tone distortion measurements	50
I.1 General		50
I.2 Difference f	requency distortion	50

53
oo
54
56
57
13
14
17
26
34
34 35
38
41
51
52
53
53
54
55
56
32

#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

\_\_\_\_

#### **SOUND SYSTEM EQUIPMENT -**

### Part 7: Headphones and earphones

#### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus
  of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National
  Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at https://patents.iec.ch. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 60268-7 has been prepared by technical area 20: Analog and digital audio, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment. It is an International Standard.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2010, and Amendment 1 of 2020. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

consolidated with IEC 60268-7:2010/AMD1:2020;
clause/subclause/annex reconstruction and renumbering;
addition of effective frequency range of the free-field / diffuse-field compensated frequency
response;

	update of measurement methods of modulation distortion and difference-frequency distortion;	
	addition of details of two-tone distortion measurements, see Annex I;	
	addition of details of left-right tracking response for stereo headphones, see Annex J.	
The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:		

Draft	Report on voting
100/XX/FDIS	100/XX/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English

A list of all parts in the IEC 60268 series, published under the general title *Sound system equipment*, can be found on the IEC website.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs">www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs</a>. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at <a href="https://www.iec.ch/publications">www.iec.ch/publications</a>.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore iec ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

reconfirmed,
,

withdrawn, or

revised.

#### **SOUND SYSTEM EQUIPMENT -**

### Part 7: Headphones and earphones

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 60268 is applicable to headphones, earphones, headsets and earsets, intended to be used on, or in, the human ear. It also applies to equipment, such as pre -amplifiers, passive networks and power supplies which form an integral part of the headphone system.

This document does not deal with:

- a) safety, for which reference is made to IEC 62368-1 or another appropriate standard
- b) the characteristics of microphones of headsets, for which reference is made to IEC 60268-4;
- c) earphones and other devices for hearing aids, for which reference is made to IEC 60118-0;
- d) headphones for audiometry;
- e) headphones and other devices which form part of an active ear -defender system, although some of the provisions of this document can be applicable;
- f) active noise cancelation characteristics as covered by IEC 60268-24.

This document specifies the characteristics which are included by the manufacturer in specifications, and relevant methods of measurement. It includes a classification of the different types of earphones, mainly characterized by the way in which the transducer is coupled acoustically to the ear, and a classification code which can also be used for marking.

Rated conditions and characteristics in this document provided by the manufacturer are not generally intended for external verification. Measurement methods for rated characteristics are informative and are provided for the benefit of manufacturers for the purpose of test repeatability and data comparison. All other specifications and tests are provided for testing by the manufacturer and for external testing and verification.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60038, IEC standard voltages

IEC 60050-801, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 801: Acoustics and electroacoustics, available at https://www.electropedia.org

IEC 60086-1, Primary batteries – Part 1: General

IEC 60263, Scales and sizes for plotting frequency characteristics and polar diagrams

IEC 60268-1, Sound system equipment – Part 1: General

IEC 60268-2, Sound system equipment – Part 2: Explanation of general terms and calculation methods

IEC 60268-11, Sound system equipment – Part 11: Application of connectors for the interconnection of sound system components

IEC 60268- 12, Sound system equipment – Part 12: Application of connectors for broadcast and similar use

IEC 60318-4, Electroacoustics – Simulators of human head and ear – Part 4: Occluded-ear simulator for the measurement of earphones coupled to the ear by means of ear inserts

IEC 60318-7, Electroacoustics – Simulators of human head and ear – Part 7: Head and torso simulator for the measurement of sound sources close to the ear

IEC 61672-1, Electroacoustics – Sound level meters – Part 1: Specifications

ISO 266:1997, Acoustics – Preferred frequencies

ISO 48-4:2018, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic – Determination of hardness – Part 4: Indentation hardness by durometer method (Shore hardness)

ISO 3741, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure – Precision methods for reverberation test rooms

ISO 4869-3, Acoustics – Hearing protectors – Part 3: Measurement of insertion loss of ear-muff type protectors using an acoustic test fixture

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60050-801 (IEV) and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

Any device defined in 3.1 to 3.15 and their connector(s) for electrical input should be regarded as part of the transducer.

#### 3.1

#### earphone

electroacoustic transducer intended to be closely coupled to the ear

[SOURCE: IEC 60050- 801:1994, 801-27-18, modified – Reference to acoustical oscillations has been omitted from the definition.]

#### 3.2

#### headphone

assembly of one or two earphones on a headband

Note 1 to entry: The use of a headband (or chin-band) can be optional, e.g. in the case of intra-concha or insert devices.